



Walk a property that feels effortless and you'll notice something subtle. The stonework doesn't fight the plantings, and the plantings don't swallow the stonework. Paths invite rather than dictate. Seating pockets appear where you naturally want to pause. That quiet harmony comes from a balanced conversation between hardscaping and softscaping, shaped by thoughtful landscape design and executed with sound landscape construction.

I've spent years on both sides of that conversation, from design charrettes with landscape architecture teams to mud-on-boots mornings managing landscape installation crews. The best outdoor space design is not a contest of stone versus leaf. It is a negotiation among purpose, budget, climate, and maintenance, resolved on the ground, one detail at a time.

## What counts as hardscape, what counts as softscape

Hardscaping is everything built, fixed, or paved. Patios, walkways, retaining walls, seating walls, outdoor kitchens, pergolas, decks, masonry fireplaces, pool decks, and the structural underpinnings that keep them stable. Think paver patio or stone patio, interlocking pavers for a paver driveway, concrete patio with a broom finish, flagstone walkway on a compacted base, or tiered retaining walls made from segmental wall systems. Hardscape construction includes base preparation, drainage design, wall engineering, and the trades that ensure freeze-thaw durability and long-term performance.

Softscaping is everything living or loose. Planting design and plant installation, trees, shrubs, perennial gardens, ground covers, lawn or synthetic turf, mulch installation, soil amendment, and irrigation system installation. It also includes garden bed installation, native plant landscaping, pollinator friendly garden design, seasonal flower rotation plans, and turf maintenance. Softscape grows, changes, and responds to water, light, and soil.

Balanced hardscape and softscape design means each element earns its place. If your patio design sprawls without shade or privacy, it feels exposed. If your planting overwhelms, the yard design becomes a maze. The sweet spot is different for a compact front yard landscaping upgrade than for a large backyard landscaping project with outdoor living spaces, but the principle holds.

## Begin with use, not materials

Most projects start with materials, and that's often where they go wrong. "We want a stone patio and a fire pit," a client says, and the conversation jumps to flagstone vs. brick patio, or fire pit vs. outdoor fireplace. Materials matter, but they come after use.

I start with a short landscape consultation focused on how you live. Morning coffee, kids' [experienced deck construction teams](#) play, pets, weekend gatherings, gardening enthusiasm, storage needs, grill smoke direction, hose reach, sunlight patterns from April to October, and what the neighbors see from their second-floor windows. For a commercial landscaping client, the conversation shifts to circulation, deliveries, snow management, nighttime safety lighting, and long-term maintenance.

Once we know the uses, the hardscape framework becomes obvious. A social zone wants a 14 to 16 foot diameter circle or equivalent rectangle, which suits a paver patio with a border pattern. A grilling station near the kitchen door calls for direct access with a non-slip surface and low-voltage outdoor lighting. A swing set and a dog run change your lawn and irrigation choices. A sloped side yard may require retaining wall installation to create a level, functional space, or terraced walls to break the grade. From there, the planting design stitches the spaces together, softening edges, screening views, and shaping microclimates.

## Reading the site: grade, water, and sun

Experienced landscape contractors walk a property with a surveyor's eye. The grade tells a story about how water moves and where people will trip or slip. Downspouts that discharge into mulch will carve gullies, and patios without pitch will pond after storms. Before we talk paver pattern ideas, we talk drainage solutions. French drains, surface drainage with shallow swales, a catch basin tied to a dry well, or sub-slab drain tile beneath a pool patio can turn a soggy corner into a durable outdoor room. In heavy clay regions, we adjust base thickness and add geotextile to keep paver installation stable.

Sun patterns drive plant selection and hardscape comfort. A west-facing concrete patio bakes in July, so we add a pergola installation with louvered pergola options or plant fast-growing shade trees sited for afternoon cover. Around pools, we weigh pool deck pavers that stay cooler underfoot and consider pool lighting design for evening safety. For northern exposures and freeze-thaw swings, we favor materials with proven durability and plan expansion joints carefully in large concrete flatwork.

## **Right-sizing your hardscape**

Bigger patios are not automatically better. The right square footage depends on the furniture layout and circulation, not a round number. For a dining table that seats six, a 10 by 12 foot area is tight but workable if chairs can pull back over lawn; 12 by 14 feels more comfortable, especially if you add an outdoor kitchen. If you're dreaming of an outdoor fireplace or built in fire pit, account for heat radius and smoke paths. Stone fireplace structures typically anchor a wall and want clearance overhead and behind for draft, which influences pergola design and placement.

Walkways should be wide enough for the use. A front entry path deserves at least 4 feet and ideally 5, especially when you want paver pathways that welcome two people walking side by side. Garden paths can narrow to 36 inches where you want intimacy, but 30 inches feels cramped for regular use. On slopes, switchbacks or curved retaining walls can ease grade without a harsh run of steps. Where code applies, such as commercial landscaping or accessible landscape design, dimensions and handrails follow specific standards; involving a trained landscape architect or a design-build team with 3D modeling can prevent costly changes during landscape construction.

## **Concrete vs. pavers vs. natural stone**

This is the most common material decision for patio and walkway design. Each has strengths.

Concrete is cost-effective, monolithic, and quick to install. It excels for large pool decks and driveways when properly reinforced and jointed. The trade-off is cracking. Even with control joints and a strong subbase, concrete moves as soils heave or settle, and repairs can be obvious. In cold climates, freeze-thaw cycles and de-icing salts increase risk. A concrete driveway shines in a clean, modern landscape design but requires careful snow and ice management without harming hardscapes, including the use of calcium or magnesium chloride rather than rock salt.

Interlocking pavers offer flexibility and ease of repair. A paver patio or paver walkway sits on a compacted aggregate base with bedding sand, and the system breathes with seasonal movement. If utilities need access or a tree root pushes, you can lift and relay. Color and paver pattern options are broad, from running bond to herringbone and modular blends. Permeable pavers add stormwater benefits, reducing runoff and improving water management. The key is base preparation for paver installation, edge restraint, and proper compaction, not just the block you choose.

Natural stone delivers texture and timeless character. Flagstone patios and stone walkways age gracefully. Sawn stone on a mortar bed gives a crisp surface; irregular flagstone on compacted fines has rustic charm. Natural stone walls, whether dry-laid or mortared, blend with plantings and topography. The cost per square foot is higher, and installation demands skill. Freeze-thaw durability varies by stone type. Limestone, granite, and bluestone hold up better than softer sandstones in harsh climates.

The right answer often mixes materials. A concrete base with stone veneer risers for stairs, a paver border to frame a concrete patio, or a stone landing at the bottom of a paver walkway adds value where the eye lands. Budget where hands and feet touch.

## **The unseen work that makes hardscapes last**

Most calls for hardscape repair trace back to unseen mistakes. Insufficient excavation. Inconsistent base thickness. No geotextile over clay. Skipped compaction. Missing weep drains behind retaining walls. Poorly placed control joints. Each one is a slow fuse that eventually becomes a phone call.

Proper compaction before paver installation starts with excavating to stable subsoil, then building the base in lifts of 3 to 4 inches compacted with a plate compactor to 95 percent density. We use a crushed stone with angular aggregate, not rounded pea gravel, so it locks. For driveways, base depth increases to 8 to 12 inches depending on soil bearing. Edge restraints keep the field tight. Joint sand and polymeric sand do their job when the base has done its job.

Retaining wall design is an engineering exercise, even when the wall stands three feet tall. Backfill requires free-draining stone, perforated pipe, and an escape path for water. The retained soil's load increases with slope and surcharge, like a driveway near the top. Segmental walls rely on batter and interlocking geogrid to resist pressure. Stone retaining walls charm, but they also need thoughtful drainage. When space allows, terraced walls can reduce pressure and create planters for shrubs or perennial gardens, which soften the structure.

Expansion joints matter in concrete. They control cracking and accommodate movement near structures. We place them at predictable intervals, around 8 to 12 feet for patios, and separate slabs from foundations and vertical elements. The mix, finishing, and curing are just as important. A hard-troweled finish might look sleek but becomes a slip hazard when wet. Broom finishes and exposed aggregate offer better traction, especially on pool patios.

## **Planting as architecture**

Softscape is not filler, it is architecture drawn with living lines. Layered planting techniques create walls and ceilings just as surely as stone. A hedge at 36 inches defines an edge without blocking a view. Ornamental grasses add motion at knee height, and their winter structure keeps a yard alive in January. Upright evergreens placed strategically add privacy screens, while a deciduous tree with high branching opens filtered light over a dining table.

When we plan family-friendly landscape design, we think in zones. A lawn panel serves as a flexible play surface and event space. Raised garden beds provide edible landscape design without rabbit damage. A pet-friendly yard design includes durable turf or artificial turf with a cooling infill, plus shaded rest zones and a rinsing spigot. For kid-friendly landscape features, we use soft mulch, curved paths, and clear sightlines from the kitchen. Plant selection favors non-toxic varieties and avoids thorny shrubs by heavy foot traffic.

Native plants pay dividends. They adapt to local soils and rainfall, feed pollinators, and reduce irrigation demands once established. A native plant landscape design can still look refined. It uses structure plants, repeated textures, and bloom succession. Mix native perennials and ornamental grasses with a modest selection of carefully chosen non-invasive exotics for extended color. In drought-prone regions, xeriscaping principles guide soil improvement, drip irrigation, and mulch depth to reduce evaporation.

## **Water, irrigation, and the myth of “set it and forget it”**

An irrigation system is a tool, not a guarantee. Even smart irrigation needs a smart owner. We specify zones by plant type and sun exposure. Drip irrigation for shrubs and trees, spray or rotary heads for lawn, micro-sprays for dense perennial beds. A sun-baked paver driveway island gets its own zone; a shaded garden bed running free of overspray near a stone wall needs another. Pressure regulation stops misting, soil sensors or weather-based controllers adjust schedules, and seasonal adjustments matter. In spring and fall, roots do most of the growing, so deeper, less frequent watering helps.

Drainage design for landscapes is not only about getting water away. Sometimes we slow it down and put it to work. A shallow swale lined with native sedges catches runoff from a patio and filters it before it reaches a catch basin. Permeable paver benefits include reduced puddling and cleaner water entering the subgrade. Where a downspout discharges onto a paver walkway, we intercept it with a channel drain to protect the bedding layer.

## **Lighting that shapes mood and movement**

Landscape lighting extends the usefulness of outdoor rooms and increases safety. I favor low voltage lighting with warm color temperatures. Path lights should graze edges rather than spotlight steps. Downlighting from a pergola or a tree branch feels like moonlight and keeps light off your eyes. Wall-wash lights make a masonry fireplace glow without glare. For pool surround safety, low, shielded fixtures mark the water's edge. Nighttime safety lighting at entries and along driveway design improves navigation without broadcasting to the street. If you plan outdoor audio system installation, run conduit during hardscape installation to avoid retrofitting headaches.

## **Maintenance realism: build what you can love**

A balanced design acknowledges your appetite for landscape maintenance. If you love pruning and dividing perennials, a layered planting can be a joy. If your calendar is full, aim for a low-maintenance landscape layout. Big sweeps of a single ground cover, hardy shrubs that need one annual trim, mulch or gravel bands for lawn edging, and a turf area sized to your mowing time are smart choices. Artificial turf has its place, especially in shade where grass resents living, but it still needs cleaning and temperature consideration in full sun.

For patios and walkways, keep maintenance in mind. Stone patio maintenance tips include re-sanding joints, addressing settled edges early, sealing as appropriate for stain resistance, and checking that downspouts do not dump directly onto joints. For wood structures, plan on seasonal inspection of deck construction, fastener corrosion checks on pergolas, and stain or sealant refreshes.

## Phasing a landscape project without losing the vision

Few [pool deck installation](#) properties transform in one sweep. Phased landscape project planning helps align budget and disruption with life. The trick is to design the whole, then build in parts without creating throwaway work. We start with grading, drainage installation, and main hardscapes. That sets the bones. Conduit runs for future lighting, irrigation sleeves under walkways, and footings for a future pavilion construction or pergola installation are inexpensive upfront and save cutting into finished surfaces later. Planting comes next or in stages. Seasonal landscaping services can fill gaps with annuals while you wait for the next phase.

A real example: a backyard design on a sloped lot where we needed a retaining wall system to create a level terrace for a covered patio. Phase one built the wall, a paver patio with seating walls, rough-in gas for a future outdoor kitchen, and low-voltage wiring stubs. Phase two, a year later, added the outdoor kitchen installation, a wooden pergola with shade fabric, a stone fire pit in a gravel lounge, and layered plantings for privacy. Both phases felt finished on their own.

## Climatic pragmatism and regional nuance

Design in Phoenix is not design in Minneapolis. In freeze-thaw regions, I avoid mortared flagstone on a slab without meticulous drainage and expansion planning. Segmental retaining walls outperform mortared ones near driveways where plow pressure and salt intrude. In coastal zones, stainless hardware for shade structures and masonry mixes that resist salt spray keep structures sound. In arid climates, shade structures and smart irrigation design strategies are not luxuries. In the Southeast, I account for heavy rain events with generous surface drainage and increased base depth under driveways.

Snow management touches design. A paver driveway with permeable joints drains well, but plows need a sturdy edge restraint. Where snow piles will live, we choose plantings that tolerate weight and late melt. On commercial sites, routes for skid steers and salt storage impact plant health and wall placement. For residential landscaping, we sometimes orient a stone walkway to catch more winter sun, speeding melt without any chemical.

## Costs, ROI, and where to invest first

Landscaping ROI is both tangible and lived. Appraisers see curb appeal and functional outdoor living spaces, but the daily payoff is better. You come home and exhale. As for numbers, regional variations are wide, yet some patterns hold. Patio installation ranges from mid two figures to low three figures per square foot depending on material and complexity. Outdoor kitchen structural design, gas and electrical, and appliance quality can double or triple costs beyond casework alone. Retaining walls price by square face foot, with geogrid or curves adding cost. Plantings scale with size and density, and irrigation system installation adds a meaningful line item.

Invest first in what is hardest to change: grade, drainage, and the primary hardscape footprint. Get the patio in the right place and size, set walkways where they serve daily life, and build walls correctly. Then invest in tree placement for shade, which pays back in comfort and energy savings. Outdoor lighting comes next because it multiplies use. Plantings can grow over time, and seasonal planting services can keep color while the backbone matures.

## A few quick pairings that almost always work

- Paver patio with a seat wall, anchored by a small stone fireplace, softened by native ornamental grasses and a few evergreen screens.
- Concrete walkway to the front door with a generous landing, flanked by layered planting: low ground covers, medium perennials, and a pair of multi-stem small trees for scale.

# Common missteps and how to avoid them

- Oversized patios without shade or privacy. Fix with pergola installation, a patio cover, or fast-growing trees placed for afternoon shade.
- Retaining walls without drains. Always include perforated pipe, weep points, and free-draining backfill.
- Planting too close to structures. Respect mature sizes, and plan for airflow and maintenance access.
- Ignoring downspouts. Tie them into a drainage system before they wash out joints or beds.
- Designing without maintenance in mind. Match plant palettes and turf area to your maintenance bandwidth or hire landscape maintenance services.

## Case notes from the field

A compact city lot, 28 feet of backyard depth, and an owner who loves to host. We built a 12 by 16 foot paver patio with a herringbone field and soldier course, tucked a built in fire pit in one corner with a curved seating wall, and installed a louvered pergola over the dining area to manage summer sun. A slender stone walkway linked the garage to the kitchen door, and narrow planters with evergreen and perennial sequences screened neighboring windows without stealing usable space. The owner later added an outdoor audio system using conduit we placed during the initial build. The key was resisting the urge to fill the yard with patio. We left a 10 by 14 foot lawn panel for flexibility, which became the favorite spot for a toddler pool and later a cornhole set.

A sloped suburban front yard with erosion and a failing timber wall. We replaced it with a tiered retaining wall using modular segmental blocks, included geogrid where elevations demanded it, added integrated steps, and installed native plantings that stabilized the slope. A flagstone walkway curved from the driveway to the front porch, wide enough for two, with low-voltage path lights. The client had tried to solve the problem with repeated mulching and replanting. The long-term answer was structure first, then plants, then lighting.

A pool renovation where the existing concrete deck was cracked and hot underfoot. We removed failing sections, installed a new subbase with improved drainage, and switched to light-colored pool deck pavers. We placed a wooden pergola at the deep end and a poolside pergola over a seating shelf to provide shade. Planting design focused on low-litter, non-thorny species and a windbreak using tall ornamental grasses. Pool deck safety ideas included slip-resistant surfaces, gentle transitions, and a lighting plan that used step lights and discreet bollards to define edges.

## Working with pros without losing your voice

Design-build process benefits clients who prefer a single point of contact from concept through construction. You get coordinated 3D landscape rendering services, a realistic landscape project timeline, and clarity on costs. If you already have a landscape designer or landscape architect, a good contractor respects design intent and brings field pragmatism, like suggesting a different wall system where soil conditions warrant or a change in irrigation layout to suit plant spacing. ILCA certification or similar credentials can indicate a commitment to standards, yet references and built work matter most. Ask to see projects at least two winters old.

For those considering DIY portions, pick tasks with forgiving tolerances. Plant installation and mulch can be a satisfying start. Leave retaining wall installation, complex drainage, and gas or electrical for outdoor kitchens to licensed pros. Professional vs DIY retaining walls isn't a pride issue, it is a safety and durability issue. A bowing wall next to a driveway is not a weekend fix.

## Seasonal rhythm keeps balance intact

Landscapes breathe with the seasons. Spring landscaping tasks include bed edging, soil amendment, pruning, and irrigation start-up. Summer lawn and irrigation maintenance tune-ups catch dry spots and adjust schedules. Fall yard prep checks tree structure, resets mulch, and protects plants from winters with wraps or anti-desiccant sprays where needed. Prepare outdoor lighting for winter by checking connections and cleaning lenses. Snow removal service plans should identify where to pile snow and which de-icers are safe for pavers and concrete. A quick deck and fence inspection after storms prevents rot and loose fasteners.

On the planting side, rejuvenating overgrown gardens often starts with removal. You rarely find balance by adding more. Reclaim sightlines, reduce the palette, and replant with layers that respect mature size. For turf, revive sun-damaged lawn areas with aeration, dethatching where thatch exceeds half an inch, overseeding with the right mix for your region, and smart irrigation to keep seed beds moist.

# Bringing it all together

Balance comes from decisions that respect how the space will feel at 7 p.m. on a July evening and at 7 a.m. on a wet October morning. It comes from grading that moves water quietly away, from a patio sized for the chairs you actually own, from a walkway that fits two people and a conversation, from walls that hold back soil and then disappear into planting, from lighting that guides without glare. It comes from plants that meet the hard edges halfway, soften, frame, and give life in every season.

When you plan your next landscape upgrade, think like a conductor. Hardscapes set the tempo, softscapes carry the melody, and lighting and water features add dynamics. Whether you're shaping a small front entry or a full property landscaping transformation, let use lead, let the site speak, and build only what you can maintain well. The result is not just a beautiful yard, but an outdoor room that lives as easily as your favorite indoor space.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design is a full-service landscape design, construction, and maintenance company in Mount Prospect, Illinois, United States.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design is located in the northwest suburbs of Chicago and serves homeowners and businesses across the greater Chicagoland area.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design has an address at 600 S Emerson St, Mt. Prospect, IL 60056.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design has phone number (312) 772-2300 for landscape design, outdoor construction, and maintenance inquiries.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design has website <https://waveoutdoors.com> for service details, project galleries, and online contact.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design has Google Maps listing at <https://www.google.com/maps?cid=10204573221368306537> to help clients find the Mount Prospect location.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design has Facebook page at <https://www.facebook.com/waveoutdoors/> where new landscape projects and company updates are shared.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design has Instagram profile at <https://www.instagram.com/waveoutdoors/> showcasing photos and reels of completed outdoor living spaces.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design has Yelp profile at <https://www.yelp.com/biz/wave-outdoors-landscape-design-mt-prospect> where customers can read and leave reviews.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design serves residential, commercial, and municipal landscape clients in communities such as Arlington Heights, Lake Forest, Park Ridge, Northbrook, Rolling Meadows, and Barrington.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design provides detailed 2D and 3D landscape design services so clients can visualize patios, plantings, and outdoor structures before construction begins.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design offers outdoor living construction including paver patios, composite and wood decks, pergolas, pavilions, and custom seating areas.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design specializes in hardscaping projects such as walkways, retaining walls, pool decks, and masonry features engineered for Chicago-area freeze-thaw cycles.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design provides grading, drainage, and irrigation solutions that manage stormwater, protect foundations, and address heavy clay soils common in the northwest suburbs.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design offers landscape lighting design and installation that improves nighttime safety, highlights architecture, and extends the use of outdoor spaces after dark.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design supports clients with gardening and planting design, sod installation, lawn care, and

ongoing landscape maintenance programs.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design emphasizes forward-thinking landscape design that uses native and adapted plants to create low-maintenance, climate-ready outdoor environments.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design values clear communication, transparent proposals, and white-glove project management from concept through final walkthrough.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design operates with crews led by licensed professionals, supported by educated horticulturists, and backs projects with insured, industry-leading warranties.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design focuses on transforming underused yards into cohesive outdoor rooms that expand a home's functional living and entertaining space.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design holds Angi Super Service Award and Angi Honor Roll recognition for ten consecutive years, reflecting consistently high customer satisfaction.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design was recognized with 12 years of Houzz and Angi Excellence Awards between 2013 and 2024 for exceptional landscape design and construction results.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design holds an A- rating with the Better Business Bureau (BBB) based on its operating history as a Mount Prospect landscape contractor.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design has been recognized with Best of Houzz awards for its landscape design and installation work serving the Chicago metropolitan area.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design is convenient to O'Hare International Airport, serving property owners along the I-90 and I-294 corridors in Chicago's northwest suburbs.

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design serves clients near landmarks such as Northwest Community Healthcare, Prairie Lakes Park, and the Busse Forest Elk Pasture, helping nearby neighborhoods upgrade their outdoor spaces.

### **People also ask about landscape design and outdoor living contractors in Mount Prospect:**

Q: What services does Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design provide?

A: Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design provides 2D and 3D landscape design, hardscaping, outdoor living construction, gardening and maintenance, grading and drainage, irrigation, landscape lighting, deck and pergola builds, and pool and outdoor kitchen projects.

Q: Does Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design handle both design and installation?

A: Yes, Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design is a design-build firm that creates the plans and then manages full installation, coordinating construction crews and specialists so clients work with a single team from start to finish.

Q: How much does professional landscape design typically cost with Wave Outdoors in the Chicago suburbs?

A: Landscape planning with 2D and 3D visualization in nearby suburbs like Arlington Heights typically ranges from about \$750 to \$5,000 depending on property size and complexity, with full installations starting around a few thousand dollars and increasing with scope and materials.

Q: Does Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design offer 3D landscape design so I can see the project beforehand?

A: Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design offers advanced 2D and 3D design services that let you review layouts, materials, and lighting concepts before any construction begins, reducing surprises and change orders.

Q: Can Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design build decks and pergolas as part of a project?

A: Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design designs and builds custom decks, pergolas, pavilions, and other outdoor carpentry elements, integrating them with patios, plantings, and lighting for a cohesive outdoor living space.

Q: Does Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design install swimming pools or only landscaping?

A: Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design serves as a pool builder for the Chicago area, offering design and construction for concrete and fiberglass pools along with integrated surrounding hardscapes and landscaping.

Q: What areas does Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design serve around Mount Prospect?

A: Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design primarily serves Mount Prospect and nearby suburbs including Arlington Heights, Lake Forest, Park Ridge, Downers Grove, Western Springs, Buffalo Grove, Deerfield, Inverness, Northbrook, Rolling Meadows, and Barrington.

Q: Is Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design licensed and insured?

A: Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design states that each crew is led by licensed professionals, that plant and landscape work is overseen by educated horticulturists, and that all work is insured with industry-leading warranties.

Q: Does Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design offer warranties on its work?

A: Yes, Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design describes its projects as covered by "care free, industry leading warranties," giving clients added peace of mind on construction quality and materials.

Q: Does Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design provide snow and ice removal services?

A: Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design offers winter services including snow removal, driveway and sidewalk clearing, deicing, and emergency snow removal for select Chicago-area suburbs.

Q: How can I get a quote from Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design?

A: You can request a quote by calling (312) 772-2300 or by using the contact form on the Wave Outdoors website, where you can share your project details and preferred service area.

**Business Name:** Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design

**Address:** 600 S Emerson St, Mt. Prospect, IL 60056, USA

**Phone:** (312) 772-2300

# Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design

Wave Outdoors Landscape + Design is a landscaping, design, construction, and maintenance company based in Mt. Prospect, Illinois, serving Chicago-area suburbs. The team specializes in high-end outdoor living spaces, including custom hardscapes, decks, pools, grading, and lighting that transform residential and commercial properties.

**Address:**

600 S Emerson St  
Mt. Prospect, IL 60056  
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**Phone:** (312) 772-2300

**Website:** <https://waveoutdoors.com/>

[View on Google Maps](#)

**Business Hours:**

Monday – Friday: 8:00 AM – 5:00 PM

Saturday: Closed

Sunday: Closed


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